The Bethel Courier.

A Weekly Family Newspaper, Neutral in Politics, devoted to Literature Agriculture, Education, the Mechanic Arts, and the News of the Day.

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The Bethel Courier.

Published every Friday morning—Office in CHAPMAN'S BLOCK, Bethel Hill, Me.

J. ALDEN SMITH, - - PROPRIETOR
N. T. TRUE, EDITOR.

TERMS.

One copy one year, (in ADVANCE), - - $1.00
One copy six months, .50

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The subscriber would inform the public that he has recently purchased this well known House, and is prepared to accommodate the travelling public with good board and lodging on reasonable terms
The above House has within the last three months been thoroughly remodeled and refitted, and furnished from cellar to attic with new furniture, and is a most desirable home for travelers for business or pleasure.
☞ A carriage in constant attendance at the Depot for the conveyance of passengers
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☞ COFFINS manufactured to order.

HISTORY OF BETHEL.

BY DR. N. T. TRUE.

CHAPTER XCVII.

Botany.

The Botany of Bethel differs essentially in some respects from that on the same meridian near the sea-coast. The original growth was that of White Pine, on the intervales, and rocky upland swells. Maple, yellow birch, and beech, on the highlands and sides of the mountains. Spruce and hemlock on the mountains, and cedar and hackmatac in the swamps.

The White Pine, was very abundant, especially on the intervales, and formed one of the earliest resources of the first settlers by cutting the timber and rafting it to Brunswick. There are but few timber lots of this tree remaining in town, though the stumps still stand in many places as a witness of the past. The Norway Pine abounds sparingly. The pitch pine, was quite common on the plains. Silver fir is abundant in the swamps, and frequently grows to a large size. Black spruce is still found on the sides of the mountains in large quantities, and of a great size and height. Few of the inhabitants in the town are aware of the quantity of these trees still remaining in places, at present inaccessible, among the mountains to the north of Bethel. White Spruce is less common and of little value. Hemlock grows in company with the spruces. Hackmatac grows very abundant on Alder river, and on low wet grounds generally. White Cedar was formerly very abundant, even on high grounds. Immense numbers of cedar posts and railroad sleepers have been obtained from the meadows in this town and vicinity.

The Red Maple, is conspicuous in spring by its crimson flowers, and produces the *curled* maple so highly prized by cabinet makers. Rock Maple abounds in every part of the town, and is as highly prized as any other tree for the manufacture of sugar, which manufacture has much increased within a few years. The White Maple is common. The Striped Maple is beautiful as an ornamental tree. Mountain Maple is only a shrub, and of no value.

Of the Oak, we have never seen but one species, the Red Oak, and this is rare. The Butternut, I believe, is not a native, but is frequently cultivated as an ornamental tree. Of the birches—the Canoe Birch was formerly abundant and of large size. Occasionally they may be seen on the sides of the mountains. Common White or Grey Birch, is very abundant in many places where the land has been severely burned over. Yellow Birch is found associated with the rock maple, and frequently of large size. Hornbeam is found on high ranges.—Hop-Hornbeam is occasionally seen. The Elm abounds on the intervales and meadows. The Beech is found somewhat sparingly on the sides of the hills. Two species of poplar are found, the American Aspen and the Large Poplar. The latter frequently grows to a large size.

The White Ash is very rarely met with. The Bass Wood is occasionally found of large size. Black Alder grows everywhere on low grounds. Cherry trees, black, choke, and red, are abundant. Dog-Wood is the only poisonous tree in this vicinity. The Mountain Ash is quite abundant, and is frequently transplanted as an ornamental tree, but the frequent attacks of the borer of late years have rendered them less desirable for this purpose. Swamp Willow is abundant on low grounds.

The foregoing list embraces all the native trees found in this town. Several species have been introduced here as elsewhere, and may be regarded as naturalized, such as the Locust, Lombardy Poplar, Balm of Gilead, Yellow Willow, and perhaps some others. The second growth is abundant in the town, and will furnish all the necessary fuel for the inhabitants. The mountains were burned over in 1817, and much of the rest of the town, in 1825.

BENEFIT OF ADVERTISING. — Kink, who was arrested, not long since, at Oxford, Ind., for the murder of Dr. J. H. Rowe, who stopped all night at Kink's tavern, has been released, owing to the re-appearance of the supposed victim. Kink extensively advertised his arrest, and besought Rowe to "turn up" and prove his innocence, and Rowe seeing the notice, confessed. Another proof of the efficacy of advertising.

A Photograph of a Fight.

The readiness with which quick-witted Parisians sometimes get out of a "fix," was aptly illustrated the other day, by the adventures of a scapegrace, smitten by the attractions of a lady seated opposite to him in a boulevard omnibus. The lady was captivating; the Parisian was gallant. The admiring looks of the gentleman betrayed what was passing in his mind—viz: that his *vis-a-vis* was an uncommonly pretty woman; and the natural coquetry of the latter soon brought to her rosy lips an involuntary smile.—This was quite enough for the impudent jackanapes, who drew a visiting card from his pocket, scribbled on it the words—"At home every day until 2 P. M."—and adroitly dropped the bit of glazed pasteboard in the lady's muff, as he rose to leave the omnibus.

The next morning, our Don Juan was awakened, at a very early hour, by a messenger, bringing him a letter, containing a few lines of a somewhat alarming tenor, as follows:

"You are a hair-brained fellow, and your conduct toward me has seriously compromised your own life! My husband, who is as jealous as a tiger, has accidentally found your card, and swears he will kill you! *Look out!*"

There was no signature to this warning epistle, but the gentleman instantly called to mind the incident of the previous day, and was thrown into a state of consternation by the prospect of receiving a much less agreeable visit than he had hoped for. However, he did not lose his presence of mind in the emergency which now presented itself. As a pastime, he had learned the photographic art, and was provided with the implements of the profession. Dismissing with a handsome gratuity the messenger who had brought the letter, he hastened to a neighboring daguerreotype establishment, with whose proprietor he chanced to be acquainted, and borrowed a frame full of specimens, such as photographic artists display at their door to attract customers. This frame he hastily suspended at the entrance to his lodgings, gave a few words of instructions to the porter, (accompanied by a bribe,) brought forth his camera, scattered a number of photographic specimens on the table in the parlor, and calmly waited further developments.

He was not kept long in uncertainty. Ten minutes after his cunning preparations had been completed, the bell of our scapegrace's lodgings was pulled with a violence which gave the wire ample cause for remonstrance, (if bell wires were capable of remonstrating,) and, upon opening the door, the extemporized photographer found himself face to face with a personage who looked dreadfully stout, his hair dreadfully mussed, and his temper evidently dreadfully ruffled. It was the fascinating lady's husband, no doubt. Had any contray suspicions lingered in the mind of Lothario, it would have been dissipated at once, by the sight of his own card—*the* card—which the dreadful visitor held between his brawny thumb and finger.

Without a single question as to the identity of his intended victim, or even taking the trouble to ask whether or not he had a strawberry mark on the right shoulder, (which was a very grave oversight,) the dreadful stranger thundered forth—

"Sir, you are a——"

"Photographic artist, sir, at your service!" interrupted the other, just in time.

"I don't care whether you are a photographic artist or not, sir!" returned the gentleman with the disordered hair. "You gave this card, sir, yesterday, to my wife—my own particular wife, d'ye hear?—and I wish to have a settlement with you!"

"O, with pleasure, sir! But I never insist on being paid in advance, for fear the likeness should not afford entire satisfaction. Madame has not yet done me the honor to give my process a trial! Would *you* be so good as to—? Please to sit down in that chair! There! If I can transfer that amiable smile to paper, your friends will attest the triumph of my system. Be so good as to run your fingers through your hair, in order that the expression shall not appear studied! Now, then! Perfectly still, if you please! All right! It's done!"

"But, sir——"

"A few moment's patience, and you shall see the result." "And, without giving the puzzled visitor a chance to reply, the ingenious amateur disappeared to "crook" the picture, which he presently exhibited with an air of great professional triumph to the humbugged Othello, whose rage now gave way to admiration of his portrait—for everybody (except the Paris correspondent of the New York *Express*) thinks he makes a splendid photograph. Thus, the mollified domestic tyrant went home so well satisfied of the absurdity and injustice of his suspicions, that he promised to send Desdemona, to have *her* likeness taken—as soon as he could conveniently accompany her!

The Zouaves.

The Zouaves have now become a household word, yet but few persons who read with so much interest the siege of Sebastopol, are aware that it was largely owing to the French Zouaves that the Malakoff was taken.

"The French had succeeded in sapping to within 52 paces of the Malakoff, where the Zouaves lay concealed. Capt. Geo. B. McClellan, U. S. A., who was sent out by our government to examine into the different modes of warfare, thus describes the ingenious device adopted to capture that fortress, after a Bombardment of many months:

"In their admirable arrangements for the attack of the Malakoff, the French counted on two things for success: first, they had ascertained that the Russians were in the habit of relieving the guard of the Malakoff at noon, and that a great part of the old guard marched out before the new one arrived, in order to avoid the loss which would arise from crowding the work with men; in the second place, it was determined to keep up a most violent vertical fire until the very moment of the assault, thus driving the Russians into the bomb proofs, and enabling the storming party to enter the work with but little opposition. The hour of noon was therefore selected for the assault, and the strong columns intended for the work were at an early hour assembled in the advance trenches, all in admirable order, and furnished with precise instructions.

The mortars maintained an unremitting fire until the moment appointed. The very instant the last volley was discharged the storming party of Zouaves rushed over the thirty paces before them, and were in the work before the astonished Russians knew what had happened. It was stated that this party lost but eleven men in entering the work. Other troops advanced rapidly to the support of the storming party, a bridge was formed by rolling up five ladders with planks lashed to them, a communication was at once commenced between the advanced trench and the bridge, brigade after brigade passed over, the redoubt was at once occupied by the storming party, and thus the Malakoff, and with it Sebastopol, was won. The few Russians remaining in the work made a desperate resistance. Many gallant attempts were made by the Russian columns to ascend the steep slope in rear and regain the lost work; but the road was narrow, difficult, and obstructed; the position strong, and the French in force. All their furious efforts were in vain, and the Malakoff remained in the possession of those who had so gallantly and skillfully won it. With regard to the final retreat to the north side, it can only be said that a personal examination of the locality merely confirms its necessity, and the impression so generally entertained that it was the finest operation of the the war; so admirably was it carried out that not a straggler remained behind: a few men so severely wounded as to be unfit for rough and hurried transportation were the sole ghastly human trophies that remained to the allies."

CAPITAL FOR THE YOUNG. It is a consolation for all the right-minded young men in this country, that though they may not be able to command as much pecuniary capital as they would wish to commence business for themselves, yet there is a moral capital which they can have, that will weigh as much as money with people whose opinion is worth having. And it does not take a great while to accumulate a respectable amount of this capital. It consists in truth, honesty, integrity, to which may be added decision, firmness, courage, perseverance. With these qualities, there are no obstacles which may not be overcome. Friends spring up and surround such a young man almost as if by magic. Confidence flows out to him and business accumulates on his hands faster than he can ask it. And in a few short years such a young man is far in advance of many who started with him, having equal talents and larger pecuniary means, and ere long our young friend stands foremost among the honored, trusted and loved. Would that we could induce every youthful reader to commence life on the principle that moral capital is the main thing after all.

Horse Shoeing and Diseases of Horses' Feet.

Horse shoes are constructed of multitudinous shapes. The form of the common English shoe is nearly flat on both sides; but wherever the least attempt is made towards an improved state of things, the concave or seated-shoe is used, having generally a fullered groove for countersinking the heads of the nails. On the foot surface of the shoe a good level bearing for the outer rim of horn is provided; but all that is likely to be opposite to such parts of the foot as are not intended to bear pressure, is beveled away. This form of shoe prevents the lodgment of small stones or gravel between the sole and shoe. It is usually fastened on by eight or nine nails driven rather closer to the heel of the outer than to that of the inner side. The shoe should not be cut off too short, but allowed to reach rather beyond the point of junction of the crust and bar, so as to admit of the heel fully resting upon it: beyond this, it is not necessary to carry it, as it might possibly, if too much elongated, be torn off by overreaching of the hinder foot, which would not only dislodge the shoe but seriously endanger the safety of the animal. Professor Coleman gives the following weights as proper for their respective purposes:

Each shoe of a large draught-horse lb. oz. should weigh	2	10
Of a small draught horse	1	10
Of a large coach-horse	1	10
Of a small coach-horse	1	4
Saddle-horse	1	4
Racing plates about	0	5

The farrier, in order to fix the shoe more securely than the nails alone can do, hammers out portions of its upper edge, so as to have an embracing stay to prevent dislodgement. These are called clips. At or near the toe they offer useful support to the nails, and prevent too great stress being thrown on the clenches. To the shoes of heavy horses they are almost indispensable. But when clips are drawn out too close to the heels on both sides, they effectually prevent the ordinary expansion of the foot, and place the organ in most unnatural and destructive constraint.

The hind shoes differ in construction from those before: they are made stouter at the toe, straighter at the quarters, and, in addition, generally have the heels turned up to form calkins. In some parts of Holland the heavy horses are shod with enormous calkins at the heels, and knobs at the toes, all round, so that they almost appear to be going on pattens. When calkins are used, behind or before, care should be taken that both heels have the same level; for if the weight fall unevenly, it will strain some of the joints of the foot or fetlock. The hind feet are less liable to disease from concussion and improper shoeing than those before. Less care is taken with them, and the nails may be driven nearer the heels without danger of injury.—The hind feet have greater pressure to resist during exertion, but bear less weight generally, and are subject to less concussion than those before.

The Hunter's shoe differs slightly from the seated shoe in order that it may not be torn off when the animal is galloping on heavy soils. With this object less space is left between the foot and shoe than is otherwise done, and the heels are also cut considerably shorter to prevent the shoe from being torn away by overreaching in a clayey country.

Anti-slipping shoes.—Since the introduction of the wood pavement for the Metropolitan streets, numerous suggestions have been made to overcome its slippery nature by some modification of the shoe. Mr. Rodway's patented plan appears to act pretty well. It is nothing more than a concave-faced shoe; the concavity filling with dirt interposes a rough substance and prevents much slipping. Mr. Powell has also patented an anti-slipping shoe, the principle of which differs materially from Mr. Rodway's.—It is intended to present a sharp surface to the wood, which is thought will have the desired effect. I cannot speak of its utility, as I have not yet seen it applied. If London were completely paved with wood, many thousands of horses might be worked all the year round entirely without shoes, greatly to their own ease and benefit, and to the pecuniary advantage of their owners.—*J. M. Winter's "Horse in Health and Disease."*

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

A Biography as it is a Biography.

George H. Brown, the editor of the Groton *Mercury*, has been giving pen and ink sketches of the members of the Legislature, which have been so successful that he has tried his hand at his own biography. Here is the result:

"Brown was the son of the first man who petitioned the Massachusetts Legislature in relation to the *flowage of the meadows on Concord and Sudbury rivers*, who emigrated to this country for that purpose from New Zealand in 1775.

Brown's mother was a Smith (J. Smith's daughter), who was a near relative of the bravest and boldest soldiers in Sumter's army in the Revolution, who were ultimately acquainted with Mrs. Pocahontas, and belonged to some of the first families in Virginia.

Brown has a cousin on the Smith side, with red hair, who recently married in a fit of passion, while engaged with Parsons of Lawrence in an argument on the origin of the *Back Bay Lands*. He is a connection, we think, of Brown the Apothecary, who so ably translated 7000 newspaper notices into eleven different languages about *Troches*.

The first thing Brown did after seeing daylight was to run a darning needle into the left eye of his nurse, while the old lady was singing to him one of Dr. Watts Hymns. To our knowledge during his schoolboy days, he never robbed a hen-roost, but he had a habit of throwing paper balls at the heads of his schoolmasters.

On arriving at years of discretion, he went through Harvard College, where he met with the President, who told him that he was destined for something, and Heaven only knows what. He afterward pursued the study of the technicalities of law, and defended his first case with a sagacious washerwoman, who sued him for two years washing. He got his case, which added materially to his fame. On the strength of this he went into the sausage business, and was quite successful till the dog law was enforced.

Brown is between twenty-five and fifty years of age—unobtrusive in manners—walks erect, and carries a blue umbrella. Is rather fleshy, and of fair complexion. Has twice refused the Consulship at *Hayti*, fearful that the climate might change the color of his complexion. He is often taken for Stone, of Dedham (one of those kind of men who will never be forgotten as long as the generation lasts) whom he much resembles.

Brown is benevolent and free hearted, though he has nothing to give. When he puts on spectacles he looks precisely like Rogers, of the Gloucester *Telegraph*. He has recently mislaid one of his glasses, which is attended with incovenience, rendering him liable to be deceived by those members who get on the blind side of him. He is an inoffensive man—in favor of buckwheat cakes, and drinks green tea, strong.

Brown, as an editor, is well known—was first brought into notice by writing an article in favor of Barnum's Museum and the Fitchburg Railroad. At this moment he is engaged in defending gas companies, quack medicines, horse railroads and Walker & Johnson's Dictionaries, and has a free pass to the Museum and Menagerie, and the Fitchburg depot."

The Bethel Courier.

FRIDAY MORNING, April 26, 1861.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Administrators, Executors, Guardians, and others having probate business, and desiring their advertisements to be inserted in the "COURIER," should make a special request of the Court to that effect, otherwise they may be sent to another paper.

Volunteers from Bethel.

We saw yesterday morning, one of those affecting scenes, which characterise the advent of war. We refer to the leaving of the volunteers from this place, for Norway, from whence, in a day or two, they will start for head-quarters.—There were eight of them; fine, athletic, noble looking fellows. Their names are Solon Robertson, Alfred M. True, (son of the ED.) A. E. Seavey, Charles and Edward Stearns, H. Doloff, Adelbert Grover and Timothy M. Bean.

After "making the rounds" of all the places of business, and bidding "all hands adieu," they proceeded to the R.R. Depot, where, after waiting some time, some one proposed a speech. Mr. E. M. Wight, a student at Gould's Academy was called upon, who after some urging, consented, and mounting a car loaded with wood, made a patriotic and encouraging speech, which was very acceptable, and appropriate for the occasion. He touched upon sectional troubles, the causes &c of the war, and then proceeded to make an appeal to them to "stand up" for "their liberties, their country and their rights." He told them that they were starting on an expedition accompanied by much danger; that the eyes of the whole country were upon them, and they must do their duty as it befitted men. Then, with much earnestness he made some patriotic remarks in which nearly every one present concurred. He closed amid the hearty cheers of the surrounding crowd. It was an eloquent address and reflects much honor on the speaker. Such scenes do not often occur, and perhaps it may be overlooked if we say we felt something rising in our throat as we saw the brave fellows leave. They were all in good spirits, and carry with them the good wishes of all the community, and they certainly carry ours.

NED.

We understand that Capt. Merrill, an old veteran who held a commission under Gov. Robt. P. Dunlap, and commanded a company of infantry, left to-day, also.

ED.

PIGEON SHOOTING ON SNOW-SHOES.—Pigeons, we are informed, have made their appearance here in quite large numbers. Mr. Dwight Rose informs us that he had a fine day's sport last week, shooting them. He found them on a side hill where the snow was quite deep, and was actually obliged to hunt them on snow-shoes.

This, we think is the first instance of the kind on record. They subsist on beech nuts, of which there is an abundance on the ground, and as the snow has now almost entirely disappeared, they can get them without difficulty. We have not had a "snap" at them yet, but if they stop here until to-morrow, (*the Courier* must come out to-day) we shall pay our respects to them.

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☞ A few weeks since we requested our subscribers in distant places, to show the *Courier* to such of their friends as belong in this vicinity, and to use their influence to induce them to subscribe. Several have kindly responded and sent us names accompanied with the money. One subscriber at Sacrarappa has placed us under special obligations by her efforts and kind wishes. We shall endeavor to make the *Courier* a welcome visitor to the sons and daughters of Oxford County in all parts of the world—in fact "*a letter from home*," containing all local news of importance—and thereby merit their good will and patronage.

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☞ We have received the first No. of the *Lewiston Daily Evening Journal*, published by N. Dingley, Jr. It is to be published through the present exciting crisis, and longer if it pays. Through it, the citizens of Lewiston and vicinity will get the news each evening, some fifteen hours later than that contained in the Portland and Boston dailies. We hope that the paper will receive the generous support that the enterprise of the publisher deserves.

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BASE BALL.—The young men of this village, under the direction of Prof. Wiley, of Bowdoin College, are about organizing a base ball club, and are now trying their hands at the game. It is excellent exercise, and we hope they will persevere and get up a "crack club."

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☞ Attention is called to the advertisement of T. B. Peterson & Bros.' new books, on the last page.

WAR NEWS.

MASSACHUSETTS TROOPS FIRED UPON AT BALTIMORE!

SEVEN PERSONS KILLED AND SEVERAL WOUNDED!!

The telegraph informs us that the two regiments of Massachusets troops who left Boston on Wednesday, while passing across the city of Baltimore on foot, were attacked by an excited mob yesterday, and four of their number killed and several wounded. Seven citizens were also killed. The troops fired upon the mob, and forced their way to the depot of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and arrived in Washington last evening at 5 o'clock. Baltimore has been declared under martial law; a Union meeting has been called, and there is the most intense excitement there.

On Saturday the Mayor and Governor notified the President that no more troops could pass through Baltimore unless they fight their way. The bridges on the Northern and Central Roads are all destroyed.

The President says that no more troops will be brought through Baltimore, provided they are allowed to pass armed around the city unmolested.

GEN. CADWALLDER'S HOUSE DESTROYED BY RIOTERS.

Gen. Cadwallader's residence at Magnolia Station, on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Road, was burned this morning by the rioters.

It cost $100,000, with gas works and splendid grounds.

THE NAVY YARD.

The work of fitting out ten vessels of war at the Navy Yard is progressing rapidly. The Minnesota already presents a formidable appearance, and, when fully equipped, will strike terror to the rebels.

Tons of shells were put on board the Minnesota yesterday, and workmen were engaged in adjusting the percussion locks upon her heavy guns in the park.

The Vincennes was taken into the dry dock last evening, and will be thoroughly overhauled and repaired.

Recruiting for the Marine Corps is brisk at the Navy Yard, where there are now about one hundred marines. None but American citizens are enlisted, and the same rigid examination is required in this arm of the service as in the army. The new recruits are drilled regularly six hours per day, and make rapid progress in the manual. Many of the recruits are from Maine and New Hampshire, and the shoemakers of Lynn, Newburyport, and other places are offering themselves.

ARSENAL AT HARPER'S FERRY DESTROYED.

CARLISLE, Pa., 19th. Lieut. Jones, late in command of Harper's Ferry, arrived with his command (13 men) at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The lieut. having been advised that a force of 2500 troops were ordered by the Governor to take possession of Harper's Ferry, and finding his position untenable, under the direction of the War Department, he destroyed all the munitions of war, the armory, arsenal and buildings. He withdrew his command under cover of night, and almost in the presence of 2500 troops. He lost three men, and 15,000 stand of arms were destroyed. His command made a forced march of 50 miles last night from Harper's Ferry to Hagarstown, Md. They look much worn and fatigued. They were enthusiastically received by the entire population of this place.

PATRIOTIC PRINTERS.

THE BOSTON JOURNAL OFFICE has furnished three men from its composition room for the regiment which leaves for Washington this afternoon. Their names are A. W. Tebbetts, C. F. Richards and J. W. Richardson. They are good and true men, and we have no fear that they will bring dishonor upon either "the craft" or their brethren in arms. We are pleased to learn that their fellow-craftsman have united in providing the entire party with six-chambered revolvers, suitably inscribed, and of approved workmanship.

NEW YORK, April 21. A gentleman from Washington states that Gen. Scott remarked yesterday that he had ten days' start of Jeff. Davis and meant to keep it.

NEW YORK, April 21. Steamer State of Maine arrived to-day from Fort Monroe, having landed her Massachusetts regiment there. She reports steamer Spaulding having arrived, and was landing her troops from Boston when the State of Maine left.

NEW YORK, April 20. A special dispatch from Wheeling to the *Tribune* says that orders were received from Gov. Letcher to seize the Custom House at Wheeling, but that city is strong for Union, and last night the Custom House was guarded by the Mayor for the United States.

PATRIOTISM OF OLD CONCORD.—David Butrick, of Concord, sends four sons to the war, and Abner Ball two. The spirit of the revolutionary patriots burns brightly in the hearts of their descendents.

THE IRISH REGIMENT ACCEPTED.—The services of the Irish Regiment forming in Boston have been accepted by the War Department, and they are now actively drilling for duty. The regiment already numbers 700 men, and hundreds are flocking to the rendezvous in Merchants' Row.

NEW ORLEANS, 20th. The steamer Star of the West has just arrived at the Bar from Indianola. She was taken there as a prize to the Confederacy.—The Star of the West was boarded off Indianola by Galveston Volunteers on Wednesday night, who captured her without resistance. She had on board 800 to 900 bbls. provisions.

PARTICULARS OF THE DESTRUCTION OF THE GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

NEW YORK, April 23. The steamer Yankee reports arrived at Norfolk on the afternoon of the 17th, and finding a movement afloat to seize her, proceeded to the Navy Yard and placed her under the guns of the yard.

The Pawnee, under Com. Paulding, on arrival at Fort Monroe, took aboard the Third Massachusetts Regiment and proceeded to the Navy Yard, where the officers had commenced destroying the public property, to prevent its falling into the hands of the enemy.

They had scuttled all the ships, the Cumberland being the only one in commission; they cut down the shears, &c. Preparations were made to make demolition complete.

The Pawnee with the Cumberland in tow, assisted by the Yankee, started, and after passing the Navy Yard sent up a signal rocket, when a match was applied, and in an instant ships, the ship houses and storehouses were in flames, and so rapid were they that Commander Rogers of the Navy and Captain Wright of the Engineers were unable to reach the point of rendezvous, where a boat was waiting for them, and were left behind.

Among the most valuable property destroyed were the liners Pennsylvania, Columbus, New York and Delaware; frigates Merrimac and Potomac; sloops Germantown and Plymouth, and brig Dolphin.

Large quantities of provisions, cordage, machinery, and buildings of great value were destroyed. It is not positively known that the dock is blown up. The burning of the Navy Yard was done by Union men, who are in the majority, but comparatively unarmed.

The Union men employed in the Navy Yard cut down the dagstaff so that it could not be used by the rebels. The guns in the Navy Yard were spiked.

On Friday night fourteen boys from Washington captured a steamer at Alexandria, and brought her to Washington. There were 24,000 stand of arms on board.

War Spirit in Maine.

BATH, Me., April 21. The City Council last night unanimously appropriated $10,000 for the benefit of the volunteers. The City Grays, 64 guns, have voted to offer their services to the Government. Party distinctions are obliterated.

BELFAST, Me., April 21. The Banks of this city have voted to tender one-fourth of their capital for the use of the State.

PORTLAND, Me., April 21. The City Council have voted to tender the city buildings for the accommodation of the State troops. They also voted to provide for the maintenance of families of citizens who have enlisted, during their time of service.

Capt. Blanchard, of the steamer Daniel Webster, has offered to convey all the troops and munitions of war free.

PORTLAND, April 20. Governor Washburn has telegraphed to know how many companies will be ready to start at twenty-four hours notice, and he has been answered—"All."

CALAIS, April 20. An enthusiastic mass meeting is being held here this evening. Democrats and Republicans participate in it.

The Kennebec & Portland and Somerset & Kennebec Railroads have tendered the use of their roads to the Governor, free of charge, for the transportation of troops.

ROCKLAND, Me., 19th. Fifteen hundred strong gathered in our streets this evening, to the stirring music of the Rockland Band and the martial strains of the fife and drum.

It is understood that Gov. Washburn will recommend the raising of ten regiments of soldiers, and the appropriation of $1,000,000. Whatever he suggests will go through the Legislature unanimously. The banks and capitalists of the State continue to pour in offers of money, and the State loan will be promptly taken at 5 per cent.

A private letter from Lewiston says: "There is the utmost excitement here. The Union meeting on Monday evening was the largest ever held in this vicinity. The streets are full of people from early morning to late at night. The Lewiston Light Infantry are to start on Wednesday, also the Auburn Artillery soon. The *Republican* office furnishes four volunteers from the composing room.

We select the following from the columns of the Lewiston Daily *Journal*.

THE STUDENTS AWAKE.—Friday afternoon the students at the Academy assembled together a large crowd of citizens on the Academy grounds for a grand Union Mass Meeting. The following gentlemen addressed the meeting: Hon. C. W. Goddard, Rev. Mr. Butler, Hon. C. W. Walton. Mr. Walton was followed by J. D. Pulsifer, C. F. Stetson, N. Dingley, Jr., and H. C. Johnson, Esqs. in patriotic remarks. We were most happy to greet brother Stetson of the *Democratic Advocate* at such a place and time, the more especially because we had heard a vague rumor floating about town that he was not loyal to the Union, but the people were happy to hear from his own lips that he was still true to the old flag. He spoke in a very patriotic manner.

The meeting closed with a volley of guns fired by the Auburn Artillery, and cheers for the "Stars and Stripes."

On Thursday morning, at sunrise, the students of the Seminary raised the Stars and Stripes amid the most intense enthusiasm.

They then proceeded in a body to the house of W. P. Frye, Esq., member of the Legislature, whom they called out by a patriotic speech from one of their number. Mr. Frye responded eloquently and patriotically.

We, this morning, threw out the "Stars and Stripes" from the window of our office. Major Frye also displayed them from the Post Office. The flag is also flying from the Selectmen's office, the armories, and places of business.

Major Frye, Postmaster of Lewiston and a leading Breckinridge democrat, says he will send a son, and would go forward himself, did not illness in his family family forbid. Get the blood of Maine up and she will cling to the old flag through all the battles the Fates shall decree.

In less than thirty-six hours time from receiving the order that troops were wanted, Massachusetts sent forward 3500 men, and now Colonel Wardrop's regiment is at Fort Monroe, Va.; Col. Packard's regiment is at Fort McHenry; Col. Munroe's regiment, comprising ten full companies, left the third day after, fully provisioned and cared for, and at last accounts were at Annapolis, Md.

Next day, (Sunday,) followed companies from the Fifth and Seventh Regiments combined, under Colonel Lawrence, which were joined by the Rifle Battallion of Worcester, 250 strong, under command of Maj. Devens. The Boston Light Artillery, Major Cook, left in company with the foregoing, having with them sixty horses, ten tons of ball, cartridges, canister and powder, and other necessaries, making in all, of Artillery, Rifles and Infantry, fully provisioned, armed and supplied for service, about 1200 men.

LATEST.

NEW YORK, April 24th. A case of rifles bound to Mississippi was discovered on the premises of Daniel Irish, Sr. street, they were seized, and Mr. I. arrested.

Mr Lincoln has informed the Baltimoreans that if the passage of U. S. troops is again obstructed, he will lay the city in ashes.

Gen. Beauregard is reported to have arrived at Richmond on Monday, and to have been reconnoitering near Washington the same night.

Why the Fort was not Reinforced.

It turns out, after all, that the Baltic did leave this port to reinforce Sumter. None of the officers on board knew their destination till their orders were opened at sea. The Baltic arrived off Charleston bar last Friday morning at three o'clock. She found there the Harriet Lane and the Pawnee, which were waiting to render her service in clearing away naval obstructions and to protect the Baltic's boats while they were going to the fort with stores and men. The Pocahontas arrived on Saturday.

The plans for the reinforcement of Sumter by the Baltic were as follows:

The President's orders were to send in boats with stores only, at first, and if they were fired upon to send in troops. But, unfortunately, from the time of the Baltic's arrival till the evacuation of Sumter it blew a perfect gale. There were but 150 sailors on board—an insufficient number to man the store boats, and still worse, the Baltic, soon after her arrival, got on Rattlesnake Bar, and was all day in getting off. Meanwhile, the almost agony of the officers on board, who were within sight and sound of the bombardment, can be imagined rather than described.

But the officers meant to reinforce Sumter, and accordingly proposed the following:

To put thirty men into three boats with provisions, and row to Sumter in the day time, which would have been one of the most hazardous and daring feats ever attempted; but it would have been attempted if the gale had not rendered it impracticable.

The Baltic's boats were all prepared to make an attempt to reinforce at night, but the gale still prevented. The next morning a small schooner was alongside, which they had engaged to carry men and stores on Saturday, and her departure was prevented by the cessation of the firing from Sumter at noon. All the officers on the Baltic say Sumter *would* have been reinforced within twelve hours at all or any hazard. The evacuation, of course, removed the necessity for so doing.—*Evening Post.*

Incidents of the War.

"Cassius M. Clay, Minister to Russia, has offered his services to Secretary Cameron, either as an officer to raise a regiment, or as a private in the ranks. Mr. Cameron said: 'Sir, this is the first instance I ever heard of a foreign Minister volunteering in the ranks.' 'Then,' said Clay, 'let's make a little history.'"

"A correspondence, of which the following is the substance, is said to have passed between Gov. Hicks of Maryland and Gov. Sprague of Rhode Island, on Friday or Saturday of last week, by telegraph:

Governor Hicks to Governor Sprague—'I understand you are about to proceed to Washington with the Rhode Island Regiment. I advise you not to take them through Baltimore, and thus avoid trouble.'

Governor Sprague to Governor Hicks—'The Rhode Island Regiment are going to fight, and it matters not whether they fight in Baltimore or Washington.'"

A Quaker merchant in N. Y., yesterday said to one of his clerks:

"Well, friend ——, is thee willing to enlist?"

"I have thought of it," replied the clerk, "but hesitated, because I feared to lose my situation."

"If thee will enlist," replied the Quaker, "not only shall thee have thy situation, but thy salary shall go on while thee is absent. But if thee will not serve thy country, thee cannot stay in this store."

[From the New York Evening Post.]

The First Defeat of the Rebels.

It is evident that General Scott has once more beaten the enemies of his country by mere force of his admirable strategical genius. To do so, he has, as was necessary, suffered not only traitors, but loyal men, to rest under a misapprehension.

Those who remember the impatience with which the American public watched his apparent inaction at one period of the Mexican war, will not have forgotten the shout of admiration which went up from the people when it was at last discovered that the supposed inaction had been in reality the wisest and shrewdest action, and that by the most masterly display of military strategy he had out-witted the enemy, and obtained a splendid victory when nought but defeat and disaster stared our army in the face.

He who reads and compares carefully the despatches from Charleston, Montgomery and Washington in this morning's journals, cannot avoid the gratifying conclusion that that which looks at first blush like a disaster to the government, is in reality but the successful carrying out of an admirable plan of military operations. Before this the traitors see themselves caught in the toils. In fact it seems to have sickened the chief traitor, Davis, already, for Montgomery despatches relate that when the news from Charleston came, and the mob serenaded Davis and Walker, "*the former was not well and did not appear*," and even his secretary was costive of words, and "declined to make a speech."

The facts which tend to the conclusion we have pointed out may be summed up as follows:

General Scott has been averse to the attempt to reinforce Fort Sumter. He saw that it would cost men and vessels which the government could not spare just now.

As an able general, he saw that Sumter and Charleston were points of no military importance, and would only need valuable men to hold, if we took them—with no adequate advantage gained.

He saw that the two keys of the position were Fort Pickens in the Gulf, and Washington, the capital.

He knew what Davis had not generalship to perceive, that on 4th of March and for some weeks afterwards it would have been almost impossible for the general government to defend Washington against such a force as the traitors had already collected before Sumter, and which could be marched at any time on a capital not yet prepared for defence—not yet purged of traitors.

His plans, based on these facts, were at once laid. By every means in his power, he concentrated the attention of traitors and loyal men on Sumter. He must have seen with infinite satisfaction the daily increasing force gathered at Charleston, while the government lost no time in strengthening the capital. Every hour the traitors spent before Sumter gave them only more surely into the hands of their master.

To make assurance doubly sure, he *persuaded* to leave Fort Pickens in the lurch. It was said to be in no danger, when Scott knew that a formidable, force was investing it. Men feared that all would be lost by the inaction of the government when it was most shrewdly energetic.

At last Washington was reasonably safe. Forces were gathered. Once more our brave old General saw himself with means in his hands.—*Then came the armament popularly believed to be destined for* Sumter. The government said not a word—only asked of the traitors the opportunity to sent its own garrison a needed supply of food. They refused—and fearing the arrival of the federal fleet—drunk and besotted with treason, and impatient to shed the blood of loyal soldiers, they made the attack.

Scarce had they begun, when they saw, with evident terror, ships hovering about the harbor's mouth; they plied their cannon in desperate haste; *but no ship came to Anderson's help!* What was the matter?

Made bold by the furious thirst for blood, they dared the ships to come in. *But no ship offered its Assistance to Anderson!* More, the guns of Sumter were only directed at the *works* of the traitors, and Major Anderson evidently tried to fire in such manner as not to kill men. He did not even try a few bombs on the city, though it is certain, from a letter of one of his own officers, that his guns would reach beyond the centre of Charleston.

What was the matter? Beauregard must have thought the government officers both fools and cowards. When his own boat were sailing unharmed about the harbor, between Sumter and Moultrie, bearing his orders, was it possible that the force outside could stand apathetic while a brave garrison was being done to death? When the battle was to death, would a shrewd officer neglect to divert his enemy's attention by firing the city?

If it seemed mysterious to us, waiting on Saturday with breathless suspense, it must have seemed incomprehensible to any cool head in the traitor camp.

Still no ships came in—and in fact the reports state that only three or four small vessels remained in the offing. After forty hours cannonade, *in which not one man was killed*. Major Anderson, an officer of undoubted courage and honor, runs up a white flag, surrenders the fort, and becomes the guest of General Beauregard. Let no man hastily cry traitor! He made an honorable defence. He took care to shed no blood. He "gave orders not to sight men, but to silence batteries."

Meantime, while the rebels are ignorantly glorying over the victory of five thousand men over eighty, what news comes from Montgomery? The telegraph, in the hands of the rebels, says:

"*Fort Pickens was reinforced last night.*"

"*It is understood that Charleston harbor is blockaded.*"

Despatches from Lieut. Sleamer, captured by the rebels, gave Davis the first intimation of his defeat! No wonder the rebel chief was "sick," and went to bed! No wonder that his secretary, Walker, declined to make a speech.

And what from Washington? These significant paragraphs:

"The report that Anderson has surrendered, and is the guest of General Beauregard, has been communicated to the President. *The latter was not surprised, but, on the contrary, remarked, "The supply vessels could not reach him, and he did right."* When he was told that the report was that nobody was injured in Fort Sumter, he seemed very much gratified, and remarked that he regretted that Major Anderson could not be supplied, as that was all he needed.

The next act on the play will represent a scene at Fort Pickens in Pensacola harbor."

The position of affairs in this Charleston is blockaded. Fort Pickens is reinforced by troops which the traitors foolishly believed were destined for Sumter. Washington is secure beyond peradventure. The traitors have, without the slightest cause, opened the war they have so long threatened. The country is roused to defend its assailed liberties, and gather enthusiastically about the government; and treason has been checkmated at the first blow it struck. Let them keep Sumter a few weeks.

Let no man cry traitor to Major Anderson! Let no man fear for the energy of the Administration. Let us thank God that brave old General Scott restores to give his loyal heart and wise head to his country's service!

LOCALITIES AND DISTANCES.—The intense interest with which the movement of our troops is followed, and the present phase of the rebellion, render the following topographical notes of value in getting a clear idea of the current news:

Havre de Grace—at the mouth of the Susquehannah river, near the head of Chesapeake Bay, is 62 miles from Philadelphia. At this point continuous railroad communications is interrupted by a ferry.

Annapolis—on the west side of Chesapeake Bay, about 50 miles from Havre de Grace, 30 miles by rail from Washington.

Annapolis Junction—the junction of the Annapolis branch road with the Washington branch, 19 miles from Annapolis, 20 miles from Washington city.

Fort Monroe—at the junction of James river (northern side) with Chesapeake Bay, about 48 hours steaming from Boston, and 24 from New York.

Norfolk—about 12 miles south of Fort Monroe.

Cockeysville—15 miles from Baltimore on the railroad to Harrisburg (being probably the nearest point accessible on the rail to Baltimore from that direction).

Baltimore—98 miles from Philadelphia, 38 from Washington, 81 miles from Harrisburg, 81 from Harper's Ferry, and 17 from Annapolis Junction.

JUST THE MAN.—If our dispatches from Norfolk are correct, Capt. Pendergrast, Flag Officer of the Home Squadron, is just the right man for his responsible post at this juncture. He brought his broadsides to bear on Norfolk and Portsmouth, and then requested the removal of the obstructions which had been sunk in the harbor, to prevent the sailing of the government fleet according to orders. It is hardly necessary to say that this style of putting the question insured a speedy and favorable answer.—That is the true way now. A reasonable application of it would have quenched the Fort Sumter catastrophe in the bud; but we were trying concession and forbearance then. The traitors were *not*; and now they have made it *our* duty to see what promptitude is worth. Capt. Pendergrast gives one of the first and best lessons. He is a Kentuckian, like (with a world-wide difference), Magoffin and Breckinridge.

THE ARMY TRAITORS.—"Examination will show that of the officers who have resigned to assist secession, or been dropped for assisting it by *treachery*, more than one half are not graduates of the military academy, which fact, in connection with the knowledge that independent of the medical corps, the army yet contains more than nine hundred officers, we must rather lean to the opinion that the *scum* of a proper military training is most fully open to suspicion as the cause of disloyalty."

☞ We are informed that the boom at the mouth of the Aroostook river was carried away by the ice freshet on Monday. There was a large amount of lumber in the boom which was swept away. It is said the St. John river at Woodstock was black with the running logs.—The lumber will probably all be carried out to sea. The loss is estimated at from $200,000 to $300,000, and must fall heavily upon a few. Some parties lose the whole of a winter's operations. —*Aroostook Times.*

☞ The question is often asked, what is a "stand of arms"? Properly speaking, it is a complete set of arms for one soldier, which would include the bayonet, musket, and its appurtenances.

☞ We saw a LYNX, or *Loup Cervier*, on the express wagon this morning. He was captured by J. G. Rich, Esq., of Upton, and is destined for the Aquarial Gardens, Boston.

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NEW PUBLICATIONS. Our notices of magazines, new books, &c., are crowded out. Will appear next week—also several advertisements and notices.

s

Stranger's Gu

MINISTERS, AND CHURC
First Congregational, Rev. Mr. Wi
church Church st., rooms in Masonic
Universalist, Rev. Mr. Gaines; chur
st., residence Park st.
Second Congregationalist, Rev. Mr
church and residence North side.
Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock
1 to 4 P. M. Every Tuesday evening
Sunday evening. Bible class meets Tue

POST OFFICE
In Smith's Block, Main st. Open from
to 8 P. M. Mails close as follows:—
10 o'clock A. M. Northern 3 1-4 P. M.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF T
Morning train for Portland leaves at
Returning arrives at Bethel at 4.30 P.

EXPRESS OFFICE at the Bethel
Wm. T. Lovejoy, agent.
TELEGRAPH OFFICE at the R. R
Barker Bell, operator.

PHYSICIANS.
Dr. M. Mason, Broad st.; Dr. J. Gro
st.; Dr. J. Fanning, Main st.; Dr. O. M
ell, Broad st.; Dr. T. C. Barker, Dentist,
Dr. E. R. Goddard, Dentist, Main st.

OXFORD BEAR Club, No. 1, meets
Hall Monday evenings.
F. S. CHANDLER,

ITEMS.

Charles W. Walker, Esq., w
ly admitted to the Androscoggin
an Attorney at Law, and son of
Timothy Walker, of Rumford, is
the volunteers from Lewiston.

Mr. Stephen H. Manning, a
ber of the Senior class of Bowdoin
lege, went to Augusta on Mon
offer his services for the war. Mr.
ning has three brothers who are
for the fight.

Dr. Wiggin of this place—
our best and most successful phys
and surgeons, has an appointme
Surgeon in the army, and is ready
moment's call to repair to the
duty. Roll on the ball!—*Lewiston*
nal.

William P. Frye, Esq., me
of the Legislature from Lewiston,
for Augusta on Saturday. Had
Frye's advice been heeded last w
the military organization of the S
would have been perfected ere this.

Dr. Garcelon, of Lewiston,
of the best surgeons in the State,
his services to the State as a surgeon
the army.

The *Somerset Telegraph*, at Sk
began, has been discontinued, and a n
paper, the *Somerset Farmer* has tak
its place, under the same publishers.

An exchange, edited probably
some bachelor who is not of that frat
nity by virtue of malice prepense, i
evidently a man of taste having just tak
his lips from the mouth of a rosy-cheek
girl, exclaims: "Kisses! what nice thi
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See advertisement of Prof. I
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umn.

See notice of dedication of th
new M. E. Church in another column.

NOTICE.

The new M. E. Church in this village will be
dedicated on Tuesday, April 30th, at 10 o'clock
A. M. Sermon by Rev. H. B. Ridgeway, o
Portland. Neighboring clergymen of this an
other denominations are respectfully invited to
be present. Services are expected to be in the
afternoon. Per Order of the Com.
Bethel, April 19, 1861. 2w8.

L. F.
ATWOOD'S
Improved Vegetable Physical Influe
JAUNDICE BITTERS.

This is an effectual cure for Jaundice, Headache
Dyspepsia, Worms, Dizziness, Loss of Appe
tite, Chills and Fevers, and Lasting Pains. It
cleanses the blood from humors, and moistens
the skin, and is also good for Liver Complaints,
Strangury, Dropsy, Croup, and Phthisic.

KENDALL'S MILLS, January 10th, 1861.
This may certify that I have appointed H. H.
HAY, WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, my SOLE
GENERAL AGENT for the sale of my IMPROV
ED VEGETABLE PHYSICAL BILLIOUS
JAUNDICE BITTERS, and from this date all
orders must be addressed to him at PORTLAND,
Me. L. F. ATWOOD.

BEWARE of a Bitter sent from Massachusetts,
label bearing the name of Moses Atwood, George
town; suppose it be some to be my Bitter, or the
same article. They are not, nor are they made
by Moses Atwood and sent to him into Maine,
as some have represented. Purchase none with
out my signature.
L. F. ATWOOD.

H. H. HALL, Druggist, agent for Bethel.

Wood's Magic Compound, is a specific
remedy for every kind of cough, cold, and irrita
tion of the breathing apparatus. It is a safe an
sure cure in a powerful remedy—it is a remedy
that cures. All honorable dealers know it for
See advertisement and testimonials of its
in another column.

Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills
and Gold Strengthening Plasters.
Sold by Druggists.
are safe, as it pays.

A Friend in Need Try It.

DR SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LIN
IMENT is prepared from the receipt of
Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the
great bone setter, and has been used in his
practice for the last twenty years with the
most astonishing success. As an external
remedy it is without a rival, and will allevi
ate pain more speedily than any other prepa
ration. For all Rheumatic and Nervous
Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a vul
nerative for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises
&c. its soothing, healing and powerful
strengthening properties, excite the just
wonder and astonishment of all who have
ever given it a trial. Over four hundred
certificates of remarkable cures, performed
in this within the last two years attest this
fact.
See advertisement.

The Bethel Courier:::A Home Paper.

Stranger's Guide.

MINISTERS, AND CHURCHES.

First Congregational, Rev. Mr. Wheelwright; church Church st., res'd n e Main st.

Universalist, Rev. Mr. Gaines; church Church st., residence Park st.

Second Congregationalist, Rev. Mr. Garland; church and residence North side.

Services every Sabbath at 10 o'clock A. M. and 1 44 P. M. Prayer meetings on Saturday and Sunday ev'gs. Bible class meets Tuesday ev'gs.

POST OFFICE

In Swift's Block, Main st. Open from 8 A. M., to 8 P. M. Mails close as follows—Southern at 10 o'clock A. M. Northern at 4 P. M.

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E. S. CHANDLER, Secty.

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☞ Charles W. Walker, Esq., recently admitted to the Androscoggin Bar as an Attorney at Law, and son of Hon. Timothy Walker, of Rumford, is among the volunteers from Lewiston.

☞ Mr. Stephen H. Manning, a member of the Senior class of Bowdoin College, went to Augusta on Monday to offer his services for the war. Mr. Manning has three brothers who are ready for the fight.

☞ Dr. Wiggin of this place—one of our best and most successful physicians and surgeons, has an appointment as Surgeon in the army, and is ready at a moment's call to repair to the post of duty. Roll on the ball!—*Lewiston Journal.*

☞ William P. Frye, Esq., member of the Legislature from Lewiston, left for Augusta on Saturday. Had Mr. Frye's advice been heeded last winter, the military organization of the State would have been perfected ere this.

☞ Dr. Garvelon, of Lewiston, one of the best surgeons in the State, offers his services to the State as a surgeon in the army.

☞ The *Somerset Telegraph*, at Skowhegan, has been discontinued, and a new paper, the *Somerset Farmer* has taken its place, under the same publishers.

☞ An exchange, edited probably by some bachelor who is not of that fraternity by virtue of malice prepense, but evidently a man of taste having just taken his lips from the mouth of a rosy-cheeked girl, exclaims, "Kisses! what nice things they are, to be sure. How sweet they taste—how juicy!"

☞ See advertisement of Prof. L. Miller's Hair Invigorator in another column.

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Bethel, April 10, 1861. 2w18.

L. F. ATWOOD'S
Improved Vegetable Physical Bilious
JAUNDICE BITTERS.

This is an effectual remedy for Jaundice, Headache, Dyspepsia, Worms, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Colds and Fevers, and Darting Pains. It cleanses the blood from humors, and moistens the skin, and is also good for Liver Complaints, Strangury, Dropsy, Croup, and Phthisic.

KENNEBEC MILLS, January 14th, 1857.

This may certify that I have appointed H. H. HAY WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, my SOLE GENERAL AGENT for the sale of my IMPROVED VEGETABLE PHYSICAL BILLIOUS JAUNDICE BITTERS, and from this date all orders must be addressed to him, at Portland, Me. L. F. ATWOOD.

BEWARE of a Bitter sent from Massachusetts, label bearing the name of Moses Atwood, George town; supposed by some to be my Bitter, or the same article. They are not, nor are they made by Moses Atwood and sent by him into Maine, as some have represented. Purchase none without my signature. 1y30

H. H. HALL, Druggist, agent for Bethel.

Week's Magic Compound, is a pleasant remedy for every kind of cough, cold, and irritation of the breathing apparatus. It is a safe remedy—it is a powerful remedy—it is a remedy that cures. All honorable dealers have it for sale. See advertisement and testimonials of its merits in another column.

Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills
And Kid Strengthening Plasters.
EVERYWHERE.
☞ See advertisement on last page.

A Friend in Need. Try It.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT is prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great bone setter, and has been used in his practice for the last twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an external remedy it is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous disorders it is truly infallible, and as a cure for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises it is soothing, healing and powerful strengthening properties, excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have given it a trial. Over four hundred certificates of remarkable cures, performed within the last two years attest this fact.

See advertisement.

Important to Married People!

INFORMATION OF GREAT IMPORTANCE TO MARRIED PEOPLE AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED, WILL BE SENT FREE. Address Dr. J. R. ANDERSON, 3month Lock box No. 111, Boston Post Office.

The Universal Cough Remedy in cases of Whooping Cough, Croup, &c., is probably more cases of Whooping Cough continued to great length of time by the use of Remedies containing expectorants, which not only aggravate the Cough, but run down the system, making the Cough fatal, or producing Consumption, than by any other cause. This is completely obviated in the Universal Cough Remedy, which contains nothing to produce nausea or prostration, and the Cough yields naturally, while the system is sustained. Results justify this declaration, and all are asked to satisfy themselves by trial. See advertisement. 1tiw

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
1y47 Williamsburgh,
Kings County, New York.

Marriages.

In Lewiston, 4th inst., Samuel R. May, to Miss Ellen E. Jones.

In Farmington, 4th inst., by Rev. Isaac Rogers, Joshua Adams, Esq., of Wilton, to Miss Mary Jane Pearson, of Newburyport, Mass.

Deaths.

In this town, 5th inst., Barlow Bartlett, Esq., aged 78 yrs. 1 mo.

In Berlin, N. H., 28d inst., Mr. Hazen Chandler, aged 61 years.

In Exeter, 24th inst., Alfred Robertson, 1st sergeant Co. A, U. S. Cavalry, aged 39 years. He was shot while quelling a disturbance in his company. He was a son of Andrew and Mary Robertson, formerly of Manchester, N. H. New Hampshire papers please copy.

WILSON'S *Albany Strawberry.*

This celebrated strawberry, at a late meeting of the N. Y. Farmer's Club, was placed at the head of the list for "size and productiveness." The "Country Gentleman" asserts that the Wilson will produce three times the amount of fruit of any of the other varieties."

Thomas M. Harvey, of Pennsylvania, in his report to the Am. Pomological Society, says:

"Wilson's Albany is decidedly the most valuable; for productiveness we know of no equal. A neighbor counted on one hill, second year from planting, (runners off), two hundred and eighty berries

Rep of proceedings of Am Pom Soc.

Mr Field Wherever Wilson's Albany is produced, it takes a high rank. It yields enormously.

Mr Sparkle. I have had 150 berries on a single plant.

Mr Manning. I have had two quarts from a single plant and three bushels from 150 plants.

Mr Cliff. I have had two bushels to the square rod, and of very good quality.

Mr Parker. I have raised berries that measured 4 and 4 3-4 inches in circumference; the flavor is fine, the berries of a mahogany color

It was recommended for general cultivation

A Van Vorst, of Schenectady, states that he raised in 1859 from plants set out in 1858, on a piece of ground 9 by 15 feet, by careful measurement, 32 quarts of berries, besides about 3 quarts given away as samples. At the same rate, an acre would give 322 bushels.

It should be grown in hills 12 by 20 inches, in any soil rich enough to produce corn.

Plants forwarded by mail or express as follows:

One dozen plants, by mail, post paid,	$	.50
One dozen plants by express,		.37
One hundred plants,		1.50
One thousand plants,		10.00

Carefully packed in moss so as to keep perfectly for 10 days.

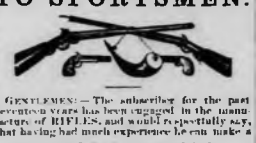
One Thousand plants of Hovey's, Early Scarlet, Boston Pipe, Crimson Cone, British Queen, Wilson's Albany, Victoria, Scott Seedling, Bell of Bordentown, and Peabody, $10,00. One hundred of same $1.50.

Bank bills or stamps may be sent by mail at our risk

For general list of fruits, send for Descriptive Catalogue, sent free for one three cent stamp.

JOHN W. ADAMS,
Nurseryman, Portland.

TO SPORTSMEN.



GENTLEMEN:—The subscriber for the past seventeen years has been engaged in the manufacture of RIFLES, and would respectfully say, that his shooting has much experience herein, make a

PERFECT SHOOTING RIFLE,

which he will warrant to shoot better than can be held over a common rest.

Prices from $12 to $40,

including all necessary apparatus. Steel tube

TELESCOPIC SIGHTS

of my own make fitted to the Rifle for $20 to $25 extra. Rifles warranted to give satisfaction in all cases. Orders respectfully solicited. Also

Double and Single Barrel Shot Guns.

Revolvers and Single Barrel Pistols, of various patterns. The best rifle powder, ammunition, &c., constantly on hand and for sale. Repairing promptly done.

Shop, first building north of the Court House, North Door. Address,
GEORGE O. LEONARD.
Keene, N. H. 4w. 16.

PAINTS!

Pure White Lead ground in oil, Linseed oil, Spts. Turpentine,

Coach & Furniture Varnish.

Japan, Red Lead, Litharge, Chrome yellow, French yellow and Venetian red, always on hand or procured at short notice at the lowest prices for cash by H. B. HALL.
Bethel Hill, Me. 18tf

COUNTRY PRODUCE

Wanted in exchange for the Courier.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?
DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?

BELLINGHAM'S

CELEBRATED

STIMULATING ONGUENT,

For the Whiskers and Hair!

The subscribers take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of the United States, that they have obtained the agency for, and are now enabled to offer to the American public, the above justly celebrated, and world-renowned article.

THE STIMULATING ONCUENT

is prepared by Dr. C. P. Bellingham, an eminent physician of London, and is warranted to bring out a thick set of

Whiskers or a Moustache

in from three to six weeks. This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Paris it is in universal use.

It is a beautiful, economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. If applied to the scalp, it will cure baldness, and cause to spring up in place of the bald spots, a fine growth of new hair. Applied according to directions, it will turn red or tow hair dark, and restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth and flexible. The "Unguent" is an indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not, for any consideration, be without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed.

Price, One Dollar a box. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers, or a box of the "Unguent" (warranted to have the desired effect) will be sent to any who desire it, by mail, directly securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, 25 cts. Apply to, or address

HORACE L. HEGEMAN & CO.,
Proprietors,
6m19 24 William Street, New York.

HUNNEWELL'S
UNIVERSAL
COUGH REMEDY.

This valuable preparation, free of all the common components, such as opiates, or expectorants, which not only run down the system, but destroy all chance of cure, will be found on trial to possess the following properties, and to which the most valuable testimonials may be found in the pamphlets.

For Whooping Cough, and as a Soothing Syrup, it meets every want, and by early use will cure the (to most complaints) fatal disease in children which can be traced to Whooping Cough.

In ordinary Coughs and Bronchial Complaints, the forerunners of Consumption, its splendid healing properties making it not only the most pleasant to use, but the best to break up and sustain the system against a recurrence of the Complaint. No mistake should be made about it, for should parents fail to get a pamphlet, to be found with all dealers, as the only way to do justice to its value

HUNNEWELL'S
CELEBRATED
TOLU ANODYNE.

This great Neuralgic Remedy and Natural Opiate calls for special attention and interest, being free of Opium, or preparations of Opium, or any but its strictly vegetable and medical properties. For Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Tooth and Ear Ache, Spinal Complaints, Bleeding at Lungs or Stomach, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Catarrh, and all minor Nervous Complaints.

For Loss of Sleep, Chronic or Nervous Head Ache, Sick Head Ache, it has no equal, and to which we offer testimonials from undoubted sources.

For Bedsores Trifling it is a sure Remedy.

For Bowel Complaints, including Cholera Morbus, it is splendidly adapted, in not only removing the pains but acting as a physic, a great contrast with Opium, which not only constipates and drags the system, but makes the remedy worse than the disease.

From Physicians we ask attention, and on demand Formulas or Trial Bottles will be sent, developing in the Anodyne an Opiate which has long been wanted, and in the Cough Remedy such as not entirely on one central principle.—From individuals we ask correspondence for Pamphlets or explanation, without postage stamps.

Prices—Large Cough Remedy, 50 cts. per bottle.
Small " 25 " "
Tolu Anodyne, 50 " "

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Proprietor,
CHEMIST AND PHARMACEUTIC,
NO. 9 COMMERCIAL WHARF, BOSTON, MASS.

For sale by all usual wholesale and retail dealers in every town and city.

F. S. Chandler, C. and O. H. Mason, Bethel; B. F. Bates and Co., Paris; Dr. W. A. Rust, So. Paris, Agents. W. F. Phillips, Wholesale Ag't Portland 1y22

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY!!
For the cure of
CONSUMPTION BRONCHITIS
COUGHS & COLDS.

THE MAKORA ARABICA.

DISCOVERED BY A
MISSIONARY.
WHILE TRAVELING IN ARABIA.

All who are suffering from Consumption should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are threatened with Consumption should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Bronchitis should use the MAKORA ARABICA discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Asthma, Scorfula and impurities of the Blood should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

It cures Consumption.
It cures Bronchitis.
It cures Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds.
It cures Asthma, Scrofula, and impurities of the Blood.

This unqualled remedy is now for the first time introduced to the public.

It was providentially discovered by a missionary while traveling in Arabia. He was cured of Consumption by its use after his case was pronounced hopeless by learned physicians in Europe.

He has forwarded to us in writing, a full account of his own extraordinary cure, and of a number of other cures which have come under his observation, and also a full account of the medicine.

At his request, and impelled by a desire to extend a knowledge of this remedy to the public, we have had his communication printed in pamphlet form for free distribution. Its interest is enhanced by an account which he gives of some of the scenes of the Syrian massacres, which he obtained from those who suffered in that awful tragedy.

This pamphlet may be obtained at our office, or it will be sent free by mail to all who apply for it.

We import the MAKORA ARABICA direct from Smyrna the house of Celon & Gylippus, and we have always on hand a full supply put up in bottles ready for use with full directions. Price one dollar per bottle. Sent by mail, on receipt of price, and 24 cents for postage.

For sale wholesale and retailed by
LEEDS, GILMORE & CO,
Importers of Drugs and Medicines, 61 Liberty St., N. Y.
Also, by druggists generally. 1y.14

J. ALDEN SMITH,
BOOK, JOB & CARD PRINTER,
BETHEL HILL, ME.

HOW TO MAKE
Good Bread

BURDETT'S "EXCELSIOR" BAKING POWDERS, is passed for the imitation of Pastry immediate produce without Yeast, in addition of "BREAD," less time than by Buckwheat Cakes any other process.

Saves 33 pr. ct. in the use of Butter and Eggs.

These Powders One trial will convince more economical and healthier than any in use.

Increase the weight in Bread 15 pr. ct.

Dyspeptics can with these POWDERS "Feel Good." DERS Biscuits, &c., with For Sale Everywhere. If made where.

BURDETT'S CELEBRATED WASHING POWDERS! Bleaches Clothes Softens the Hard-Beautifully white wet Water.

Saves one-half the Soap.

Does not injure LACES, or CAMbic texture of the BRICS. most LINEN.

SAVES ONE HALF THE LABOR IN WASHING.

Washes all injury, particular-Clothing superior by Flannels, which to the best Washers washed soft, ing Machine in without shrinking the world without

Cost of a LARGE WASHING 2 cts

Manufactured only by
WILLIAM BURDETT,
45 A 47 1-2 Pine St., New York City.
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

☞ Cash Orders promptly executed.
1y2

PROF. L. MILLER'S
HAIR INVIGORATOR,
An Effective, Safe and Economical Compound,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR
To its original color without dyeing, and preventing the Hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS,
And curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or susceptive energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF & DANDRUFF
And all eutaneous affections of the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR.
Imparting to it an unequaled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its features, and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and increasing demand for this unequaled preparation, convinces the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from dandruff and other cutaneous diseases, causing the hair to grow luxuriantly, giving it a rich soft, glossy and flexible appearance, and also keeps the hair in beautiful and healthy condition, and the future appearance of its Hair.

CAUTION.—Some genuine without the fac simile of LOUIS MILLER on the outer wrapper, also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y., blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 6 Dey Street, and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

I also desire to present to the American Public my

New and Improved Instantaneous

LIQUID HAIR DYE

which after years of scientific experimenting I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin, warranted the best article of the kind in existence.

1y PRICE, ONLY 50 CENTS. 51
Depot, 56 Dey St., New York.

☞ **A Wonderful Remedy** ☜
FOR
A WONDERFUL AGE!
Herricks Sugar Coated Pills,

The best family Cathartic in the WORLD; used twenty years by five millions of PERSONS annually; always give satisfaction; contain nothing injurious; patronized by the Principal Physicians and Surgeons in the UNION; elegantly coated with sugar. Large Boxes 25 cts.. 5 Boxes ONE DOLLAR.—Full directions with each box. Warranted superior to any Pill before the public.

HERRICK'S
KID STRENGTHENING PLASTERS
cure in five hours, pains and weakness of the breast, side and back, and Rheumatic complaints in equally short periods of time. Spread on beautiful white lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Price 18 3-4 Cents.

Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills and Kid Plasters are sold by druggists and merchants in all parts of the United States, Canadas and South America, and may be obtained by calling for them by their full name.

DR. L. R. HERRICK and CO., Albany, N. Y.
For sale by H. B. HALL, & I. C. KIMBALL, Bethel, MILTON HOLT, West Bethel.
E. BLANSHFIELD, Traveling Agent. 1y36

NOTICE.

DR. O. M. TWITCHELL is administrator of the estate of Dr. Almon Twitchell.

Those who prefer to settle with a Lawyer will have the privilege after the first day of May next. 17. tf.

GROUND PLASTER.

The subscribers having on hand a large quantity of the very best Plaster for agricultural purposes, will furnish his friends and customers at the mill at West Paris, with

Ground Plaster

At the Very Lowest Cash Prices!

$2.00 per Ton, or 40 cts. per Hund.

GEO. W. LOCKE.
West Paris, Jan. 22, 1860. 6tf.

OLD SACHEM
BITTERS
AND
WIGWAM TONIC.

THESE delicious and far-famed Bitters are recommended by the first physicians of the country on account of their

Purity and Great Medicinal Virtue.

They are pleasant as nectar to the taste, and are pronounced the BEST TONIC and STIMULANT ever offered to the public. Their curative powers in cases of

General Debility, Loss of Appetite, Constipation etc.,

are unparalleled, and as a guarantee that we feel warranted in claiming what we do, we beg leave to state that our assertions are endorsed by

Prof. SILLIMAN, of Yale College,
Prof. HAYES, of Massachusetts,
and hundreds of others.

For sale by Grocers, Wine Merchants and Druggists generally.

Wm. GOODRICH, Proprietor,
1y4 New Haven, Ct.
Principal Depot, 145 Water st., New York.
H. B. HALL, Agent for Bethel and vicinity.

★ ★ ★

DR. SWEET'S
Infallible Liniment,
THE
Great External Remedy.

FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS AND WOUNDS, PILES, HEADACHE, AND ALL RHEUMATIC AND NERVOUS DISORDERS.

For all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This liniment is prepared from a receipt of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success.

AS AN ALLEVIATOR OF PAIN, it is unrivaled by any prepared before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This liniment will cure rapidly and radically, Rheumatic disorders of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never none to fail.

FOR NEURALGIA, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

It will relieve the worst case of HEADACHE in three minutes and is warranted to do it.

TOOTHACHE also will it cure instantly.

For NERVOUS DEBILITY and GENERAL LASSITUDE arising from imprudence or excesses, this liniment is a most happy and unand unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revives the system, and restores it to elasticity and vigor.

FOR PILES—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the best known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief, and in a majority of cases will effect a radical cure.

QUINSY and SORE THROAT are sometimes extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this liniment will never fail to cure.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst cases may be conquered by this liniment in two or three days.

BRUISES, CUTS, WOUNDS, SORES, ULCERS, BURNS and SCALDS, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of Dr. Sweet's Infallible LINIMENT, when used according to directions. Also, Chilblains, Frosted Feet and insect bites and stings.

Every Horse Owner,

should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

Over four hundred voluntary testimonials to the wonderful curative properties of this Liniment have been received within the last two years, and many of them from persons in the highest ranks of life.

Caution.

To avoid imposition, observe the Signature and Likeness of Dr. Stephen Sweet on every label, and also, "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Liniment" blown in the glass of each bottle, without which none are genuine.

1y28 RICHARDSON & CO.,
Sole proprietors, Norwich, Ct.
For sale by H. H Hay, Gen. Agt., Portland
H. B. HALL, Agent, Bethel.

THE BODUGGER.

This wonderful article, just patented, is something entirely new, and never before offered to agents, who are wanted everywhere. Full particulars sent free. Address 1awly*
SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford Maine.

WANTED—A smart, intelligent boy, 17 or 18 years of age, to learn the printing business. Must have a good common school education, be active, intelligent and willing to work. Such a one can have a good situation. Apply at this office. 11

WANTED!

$400, for one or two years, for which good security and a bonus will be given. Apply at this office.
Feb. 22, 1861. 10tf

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

J. S. ABBOTT,

Has just returned from Boston with a large stock of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

SILVER & PLATED WARE

FANCY GOODS,

Stationery, Cutlery, Perfumery

and any quantity of other goods in his line, all of which he offers at the

Lowest Cash Prices

at wholesale or retail. Having a large stock on hand, and knowing the times to be hard, he is willing to sell at the lowest possible prices, and think he can sell cheaper than most people, for he buys his goods at head quarters and pays cash down for them. Everything is warranted, to be what it is sold for. His motto is "HONESTY IS THE BEST POLICY," and the most sure to succeed.

All kinds of work done in his line and warranted

Cash paid for Old Gold & Silver.

2 46tf BETHEL HILL, ME.

DR. MOTT'S
CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE
PILLS or IRON.

An aperient and Stomachic preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical Authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every miserable case.

Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis Salt Rheum, Mesenteric Affection, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver-Complaints, Chronic Headache, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of GENERAL DEBILITY, whether the result of acute disease, or of the continued emaciation of nervous and muscular cachexy in a chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description now written can realize. Would reader credible. Invalids so long bed ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods have suddenly re appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic sensations to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In NERVOUS AFFECTIONS of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of iron must necessarily be salutary, for unlike the old oxydes, it is organically tone, without being exciting and or ebullient, and gently, regularly aperient, in the most obstinate cases of costiveness without ever being a gastric purgative, or inducing a disagreeable sensation.

It is this property, among others which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for PILES, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by diagnosing the local tendency which forms them.

In DYSPEPSIA, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often suffered for the most habitual cases, including the attendant COSTIVENESS.

In unchecked DIARRHŒA, even when advanced in DYSENTARY, confirmed emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been speedily decisive and astonishing

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and resultant hectic which generally indicate INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

The SCROFULOUS TUBERCULOSIS, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of the system, without any of their well known disabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this REMEDY and RESTORATIVE, in the cases peculiar to their organization.

In RHEUMATISM, both chronic and inflamatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported of, both in allaying pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In INTERMITTENT FEVERS it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exhibits such prompt, happy, and full restorative effects.—Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 30 pills, price 50 cents per box, for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to.

R. B. LOCKE & Co., General Agent.
4m 17. 20 CEDAR ST., N. Y.

ROBINSON'S
INDEXICAL SILVER SOAP!

For cleaning and polishing Silver Plated and Brittania Wares, Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c., for sale by H. B. HALL, Druggist,
51 Bethel, Me.

STRYCHNINE

to kill, and Medicines to cure at
J. S. ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill.

FISHING TACKLE

and Gun Trimmings. Guns &c., repaired at ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill, Me.

AMERIC'N WATCHES

as well as English, French and Swiss, at
J. S. ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill, Me

From a PENNY WHISTLE,
To a STOVE PIPE
2 46 at ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill, Me.

WANTED!

A GIRL, as apprentice to the Tailoring business. Apply to P. H. McCLOSKEY.

BIRD SEED.

Canary, and Hemp Seed, and Cuttle Fish Bone, for sale by H. B. HALL, Druggest.
January, 15th, 1861. 5 tf

GALVANIZING,

Watches, Cases and other articles, galvanized at short notice at J. S. ABBOTT'S.
43tf.

The Bethel Courier : : : A Home Paper.

Agricultural.

From the American Agriculturist.

SELF-FASTENIG DOOR-CATCH. — My stable door fastens with an out-side latch, drops into a catch, in the jamb, or door post. When the door is opened and swung back to the side of the barn, the latch drops into a similar catch fastened to the weather-boards, which holds it firmly. It will cost but a few cents to fasten doors in this way. I find this simple contrivance of very great service, as it enables stock to go in and out in safety. FARMER.

Me. Correspondence of the Am. Agriculturist.

TEMPERATURE — CARROT RAISING — FREE FARMS. We live 170 miles north of Bangor, in latitude 47° in the valley of the Aroostook, which is supposed to be in a cold country. But after summering and wintering here, I find it but little colder here than in New-Hampshire or other parts of Maine. During December at 7 o'clock A. M., the temperature averaged 18 1-2 degrees above zero, and for January, 6 1-2 degrees above zero. The lowest point last Winter was on Feb. 8, 26 degrees below zero.

Speaking of carrots, I have raised great quantities of them, and have fed them to cattle and hogs, and find them very valuable fed raw to horses and neat cattle, and boiled for hogs. For sick horses there is no food equals them for sustaining the body, and keeping down inflammation, and they are as good or better in most cases than medicine. I prepare my ground by putting on manure at the rate of 30 cords to the acre, plow it in 12 inches deep in the Fall; next Spring I cross-plow it 12 inches deep, and work it extremely fine with harrow and rake, in May, and sow 4 lbs. of seed to the acre by drill harrow. Then hoe twice, and weed and thin out to stand 4 inches apart, each plant to stand separate. I have uniformly raised 800 bushels to the acre, year after year, and have never been able as yet to get any more, notwithstanding others tell about 1200 and 1500 bushels per acre. I give the ground a top-dressing of 6 to 8 bbls. per acre, of poudrette of my own manufacture, spread on the rows after sowing, and I think it is equal to the other manure used, and much better than guano of the same cost. I have sold some thousands of bushels, and never had any that weighed over 45 lbs. to the bushel, being 15 lbs. less than stated in the last number of your paper as the weight of carrots.

The government of Maine offer great inducements to all persons to come here and settle, giving to each a farm of 160 acres of as good land as can be found anywhere, upon which can be raised good wheat and other grain. Corn is raised to some extent, and its cultivation is increasing. Our vegetables can't be beat anywhere. MUDSILL.

Lydon, Me.

From John W. Adams' Catalogue.

Twelve Hints for Planting Trees.

1. It requires two persons to plant a tree properly.

2. If the soil is not naturally *dry*, let it be well drained.

3. The soil should be deeply spaded and ploughed, and made rich by compost manure.

4. DIG LARGE HOLES: sufficiently wide and deep to receive the roots *entire*, without bending.

5. THE ROOTS, when broken, should be pared off smoothly with a knife, on the under side.

6. Trees should *never* be planted more then an inch deeper than they were in the nursery. *Deep planting is often fatal; always injurious.* Dwarf Pears, however, are an exception, and should be set, so that the *junction* between the pear and quince shall *be one inch below* the surface.

7. The tree should be held upright, and the roots spread out in their *natural position*. The surface soil should then be carefully drawn in *around all the roots and fibres, until the hole is completely filled up.* The whole should be pressed down gently, but firmly, with the foot.

8. MULCHING should *never* be omitted. Rough manure is best: but leaves, refuse hay, straw, and many other things will answer, which should cover the ground four or five feet each way from the tree. Water is seldom necessary. If the season be very dry, one generous supply of rain or pond water may be applied with profit.

9. Trees set in the Fall, should not be watered. A mound of earth, a foot or more in height, should be filled around the tree, to be removed in the Spring.

10. Trees may be set in Fall or Spring, on land thoroughly dry. Large trees succeed well when removed in the Autumn; and many prefer this period, as it is a *leisure season* of the year. Evergreens succeed best when removed in the Spring.

11. TREES DAMAGED by freezing, should be put away unpacked, in a cool place, as a cellar, that they may thaw *gradually. If dry*, bury them "root and branch" in moist earth, a week, or until the tops are fully swelled.

12. The roots of trees are always more or less injured in lifting, and the tops should be made to correspond by taking off nearly all of the previous year's growth, aiming at the same time to improve if possible the shape of the tree. This is very important, as the remaining buds will grow much more rapidly; and if these directions are carefully practiced, you will rarely have to complain of trees dying.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Oxford ss. April 19, 1861.

TAKEN on Execution, and will be sold by Public Auction on Saturday the first day of June A D 1861, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of S F Gilson, in Bethel, in said County, all the right of redeeming a right or Equity of redemption, which Jacob D Grover, of said Bethel had, at the time the same was attached on the original writ, in and to the following described Real Estate situated in Bethel aforesaid, to wit:—a piece of land which lies on the westerly side of the road leading from West Bethel to Albany, containing about twenty acres and bounded Northerly by land formerly owned by Gilbert Chapman, Easterly by said road, Southerly by land formerly owned by Rufus Grover, and Westerly by land formerly owned by said Gilbert Chapman being the same, which the said D D Grover conveyed to David Bowmore by his deed of Mortgage, dated Feb 2nd, 1859, and recorded with Oxford Records, Book 116, Page 216, to secure the payment of two hundred dollars and interest, which said right or Equity of redemption was sold at Public Auction in S F Gilson on the 26th day of January, A D 1861

CYRUS WORMELL, *Deputy Sheriff.*

3w19

SHERIFF'S SALE

Oxford ss April 19, 1861

TAKEN on Execution and unless previously redeemed will be sold to the highest bidder at Public Auction, on Saturday the first day of June A D 1861, at ten o'clock in the forenoon at the office of S F Gilson, in Bethel, in said County of Oxford, all the right in Equity which John M Swift, of Greenwood, County aforesaid, had on the tenth day of July, A D 1858, the day the same was attached on the original writ, of redeeming the following described Real Estate situated in Bethel aforesaid—to wit: being the same premises, which was conveyed by John and Chas R Locke 2nd to the said Swift and O C Houghton, by their deed dated Jan 13, 1857, and recorded with the Oxford records Book 110, Page 453, to which deed and record reference may be had for a more full description thereof. Said premises being at the time of the aforesaid conveyance and attachment, under a Mortgage from Samuel B Locke to Timothy Walker, which said deed of Mortgage is dated Nov 1, 1852, and is recorded with said records Book 94, Page 330 and upon which Mortgage there is now due about $600; also a Mortgage from said Swift and Houghton to John and Charles R Locke, dated Jan 13, 1857, and recorded with the Oxford Records, Book 109, Page 409.

CYRUS WORMELL, *Deputy Sheriff.*

3w19

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Oxford ss April 19th, 1861

TAKEN on Execution and unless previously redeemed will be sold to the highest bidder at public Auction on Saturday the first day of June, A D 1861, at two o'clock in the afternoon at the Office of Samuel F Gilson, in Bethel, in said County, all the right in Equity which Asa P Knight, of Bethel aforesaid, had at the time the same was attached on the Original writ of redeeming the following described Real Estate situated in said town of Bethel, and being the same on which the said Asa P Knight now lives, and also the same which the said Knight conveyed to Ira C Kimball, of said Bethel, by his deed of Mortgage dated February 12th 1859, and recorded in the Oxford Registry of Deeds Book 116, Page 226, to secure the payment of two hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents, and reference to said Records being had for a full description thereof.

CYRUS WORMELL, *Deputy Sheriff.*

3w19

Health and Happiness Secured!

THE CONCENTRATED CURE
THE CONCENTRATED CURE
A POWERFUL REMEDY
A POWERFUL REMEDY
FOR WEAKNESS
FOR WEAKNESS
FOR EARLY INDISCRETION
FOR EARLY INDISCRETION
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TRY IT! TRY IT!

The Concentrated Cure!

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It is prepared by

An eminent Physician of this city

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That would surely and permanently restore to a Natural State of Health and Vigor, persons weakened by excess, or by

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Although not many months has elapsed since it was first generally introduced by means of extensive advertising, it is now curing a vast number of

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HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

This preparation is not a Stimulant, but

A Purely Medical Remedy.

The afflicted are invited to try it.

IT WILL SURELY CURE.

Send for a Circular first, read it carefully, and then you will send for the medicine

Price per Vial One Dollar.

Can be sent by mail. One vial will last a month.

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A PLEASANT STIMULANT,

For the Genital Organs can be obtained by sending $5 to the Agent as above. SENT FREE BY MAIL.

Circulars or medicines can be procured of Druggists Everywhere.

ALDEN & Co., Agent, Bangor. 1y29

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THESE MEDICINES have now been before the public for a period of THIRTY YEARS, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the Globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

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DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; **FLATULENCY**, LOSS OF APPETITE, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, RESTLESSNESS, ILL TEMPER, ANXIETY, LANGUOR, and MELANCHOLY, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

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The LIFE MEDICINES have been known to cure **RHEUMATISM** permanently in three weeks; and **GOUT** in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

DROPSIES of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the first cause of **DROPSY.**

Also **WORMS**, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels all slimy matter in which these creatures either

SCALDS, ULCERS, and **INVETERATE SORES**, by the purest purity which these LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood and all the humors.

SCORBUTIC ERUPTIONS and **BAD COMPLEXIONS**, by their alternative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints salious and cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a short time will effect an entire cure of SALT RHEUM, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. COMMON COLDS and INFLUENZA will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the worst cases.

PILES.—The original proprietor of these Medicines was cured of Piles, of 35 years standing by the use of the LIFE MEDICINES alone.

FEVER AND AGUE.—For this scourge of the Western country, these Medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and certain remedy. No other Medicines have the system subject to a return of the disease as are these Medicines is permanent—TRY THEM, BE SATISFIED, AND BE CURED.

Bilious Fevers and Liver Complaints, GENERAL DEBILITY, Loss of APPETITE, and DISEASES OF FEMALES—these Medicines have been found, with the most wonderful results in cases of this description. KIDNEY EVIL and SCROFULA, in its most virulent forms, yields to the powerful action of these remarkable medicines. NIGHT SWEATS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, OF ALL KINDS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, PAINTERS' COLIC, are speedily cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.—Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of Mercury, will find these Medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system, all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and sold by **W. B. MOFFAT,**
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FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

A Safe and Speedy Remedy

FOR

Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis,
Colds, Hooping Cough, Hoarseness
Croup, Sore Throat, Influenza,

and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

The marvellous success and unprecedented popularity which this remedy has attained in one short year, would seem to be sufficient guaranty of its excellency. If any one doubts it let him give it one trial.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

Having had the agency of Week's Magic Compound for some time past, and having sold a large quantity of it, we are free to say that we have never sold any medicine that gave such universal satisfaction. We do not know of a single instance in which it has not given the best satisfaction when it has been used.

C. LOCKE & LORD, Machias,
O. S. GODDARD, Cherryfield.
I. H. NICKERSON, Harrington.

Machias, Aug. 2, 1860.

July, 1860.

We the undersigned having used Week's Magic Compound ourselves and in our families, and having seen its effects among our neighbors, we hereby certify that we have found it equal as a remedy for Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, and we cheerfully recommend it to the public as worthy of the greatest confidence.

Henry Richardson, Judge Orleans Co. Court, Vt.
Durkee Cobb, do do
John Wallbridge, Jr. do do
N. W. Bingham, County Clerk, do
Marshall Carpenter, Probate Judge, Orleans Co
T. C. Miles, Sheriff of do
H. C. Wilson, States Attorney of do
J. E. Dickerman, Lister do do
I. N. Eastman, Cashier of Bank of Orleans, Vt.

☞ Certificates like the above are being received daily, speaking in its praise.

A single trial will satisfy all, of the truth of the above.

Manufactured and sold by E. B. MASON AND CO., St. Johnsbury, Vt., to whom all orders should be addressed.

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August 2, 1860. ARTIST

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CURE Sick Headache.

CURE

Nervous Headache

CURE

All kinds of Headache.

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They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject.

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They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

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WILL CONVINCE ALL WHO SUFFER FROM

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As these Testimonials were unsolicited by Mr. SPALDING, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.

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Mr Spalding

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I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and like them so well that I want you to send me two dollars worth more.

Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you.

Send the Pills by mail, and oblige

Your ob't servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

Hartford, Pa., Feb. 6, 1861.

Mr. Spalding

Sir:

I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills. I have received a great deal of benefit from them

Yours, respectfully,
MARY ANN STOIKHOUSE.

Spruce Creek, Huntingdon Co., Pa., January 18, 1861.

H. C Spalding

Sir:

You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately.

Respectfully yours,
JNO. B. SIMONS.

P. S.—*I have used one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.*

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Henry C. Spalding, Esq

Please find inclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. They are truly the best Pills I have ever tried.

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Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Cleared by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and more of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons:

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DR. AYER: Your Pills are the purest and most effective cathartic we have ever used in our practice, and are in great favor with our customers. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

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From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore

DEAR DOC. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all* that are *ever* cured with a *purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass. May 1, 1858.

DR. J. C. AYER. SIR: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

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From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effect upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I am only rejoiced that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, }
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1858. }

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO TODD, M. D.,
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Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms, &c.

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WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

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Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe one-*seventh* to one-*sixth* of the human race, but your Pills affect the organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. F. Sweet, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promoters of the *natural secretions* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach and bowels*. Their virtues are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hewitt, of the Methodist Epis. Church

PEUASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1858.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the virtues your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of an excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 8 Dec. 1857.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

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C. M. WORMELL.

Bethel, April 6, 1860.

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VOL. 3.

The Bethel C

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